

# Clamp - On CT's & Flexible AC Current Probe

CE







M1 S FLEX-3000A

## Model M1

Transformer ratio (Arms) 100 A/1A
Rated burden 1W
Maximum load 2W

Overload (Arms) 120% continuous, 150% for 5 min/ h

Weight 100 gm approx.

Colours Red, Yellow, Blue

Dimensions 97 x 46 x 27 mm.

Jaw opening Cable Dia 15 mm max.

**Accuracies** 

for 50 Hz  $\pm 2\%$  of rdg. for 5A to 10A

 $\pm$  1% of rdg. for 10A to 150A

for 2000Hz  $\pm 1\%$  of rdg. for 100A

for 50A  $\pm 2\%$  from 30Hz to 10000Hz

for phase from 1° to 2.5°

**Connections** Safety sockets for banana plugs ø 4mm

## Flexible AC Current Probe - 3000A AC

MECO FLEX - 3000A is designed for accurate measurement of AC, Pulsed DC or complex wave form of very low frequency upto 100kHz.

It is very handy to pass through cables or bunches of conductor wires upto a diameter of 170mm (max.) The Clamp-On type Flex 3000 measures the current passing through the conductor. The output through 4mm banana pins can be connected to any Digital Multimeter in mV AC range to read the primary current upto 3000A AC.

Model FLEX 3000A

Range 3000A AC

Output 100mV / 1 KA AC

Accuracy ± 1%

Probe Length 600mm

Output Terminal 4mm Banana Pins

Ordering Information: Model, CT Ratio, Single / Triple Range, Colour

## Model S

**Transformer ratio (Arms)** : 200/5A, 500/5A, 1000/5A (Single Range)

100, 500, 1000/5A (Triple Range)

Overload (Arms) : 120% continuous, 200% for 5 min/h

Weight : 535 gm approx.

Colours : Red, Yellow, Blue

Dimensions : 217 x 109 x 40 mm.

Jaw Opening : Cable Dia 53 mm max.

Bus bar  $: 51 \times 12 \text{mm}$ 

**Connections** : Safety sockets for banana plugs ø 4mm

Accuracy class	2	1	0.5	
Rated burden	0.8W	0.4W	0.2W	
Frequency range	30Hz to 5000 Hz	45 Hz to 1000Hz	50 Hz to 400 Hz	

**Limits of Errors for**: The secondary burden is any value from 25% to 100% of the rated burden (with 1VA min.), 50Hz/60Hz and 20°C

## Rated Current Shown Below as % Inn

Rated Current Shown below as 76 lph										
5%	10%	20%	100%	120%	5%	20%	100%	120%		
ACCURACY Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lpn					Phase displacement MAX. in ± Minutes					
1.5	1.5	0.75	0.5	0.5	90	45	30	30		
3.0	3.0	1.5	1	1	180	90	60	60		
4	4	3	2	2	No specified					
	1.5 3.0	Percentage r 1.5 1.5 3.0 3.0	5%         10%         20%           Percentage ratio MAX.           1.5         1.5         0.75           3.0         3.0         1.5	5%         10%         20%         100%           Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lp           1.5         1.5         0.75         0.5           3.0         3.0         1.5         1	5%         10%         20%         100%         120%           Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lpn           1.5         1.5         0.75         0.5         0.5           3.0         3.0         1.5         1         1	5%         10%         20%         100%         120%         5%           Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lpn         Phase dis           1.5         1.5         0.75         0.5         0.5         90           3.0         3.0         1.5         1         1         180	5%         10%         20%         100%         120%         5%         20%           Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lpn         Phase displacement           1.5         1.5         0.75         0.5         90         45           3.0         3.0         1.5         1         1         180         90	5%         10%         20%         100%         120%         5%         20%         100%           Percentage ratio MAX. in ± % lpn         Phase displacement MAX. in ±           1.5         1.5         0.75         0.5         90         45         30           3.0         3.0         1.5         1         1         180         90         60		

To obtain the error for an intermediate value of lpn use linear interpolation.

#### Note

Clamps with specifications other than above available subject to technical specifications.

#### **Caution**

The current probe secondary should never be open-circuited. Otherwise, lethal voltages will be developed and the probe will be damaged. Always complete the secondary connection firmly before clipping on the probe to the circuit. For disconnection, reverse the sequence. For power measurements, ensure the correct P1, P2 and S1, S2 polarities as indicated by the arrows on the Probe.